## The Future is Already Here

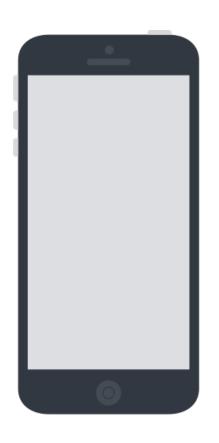
Managing public records in a changing technological landscape

Mobile Devices and Social Media for Local Government

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### Advantages of BYOD

- Increases productivity
- Connects age groups
- Lower IT spending
- May lower security risk
- Work anywhere



#### Problems with BYOD

- Privacy
- Records Management
- Open records requests/eDiscovery
- Inappropriate devices
- Personal v. professional use
- Lost devices/terminated employees
- May heighten security risks
- Support



#### What to do?

- Mobile Device Management/Mobile Application Management
- Backup
- Simple security fixes
- Policy
- Training
- Acceptance
- Consistency

#### Benefits of Social Media

- Reaching Constituents
  - Alerts
  - Updates
  - Education
- Provision of services
- Increased transparency
- Increased efficiency
- Increased collaboration among agencies









#### Drawbacks of Social Media

- Comments (e.g., bullying)
- Records Management
- Open Records requests/eDiscovery
- Security
- Work/personal









#### What to do?

- Remember these are public records
- Monitor comments closely/turn comments off
- Only post records that are maintained elsewhere
- Have a policy in place enforce it consistently



Records



Management Systems



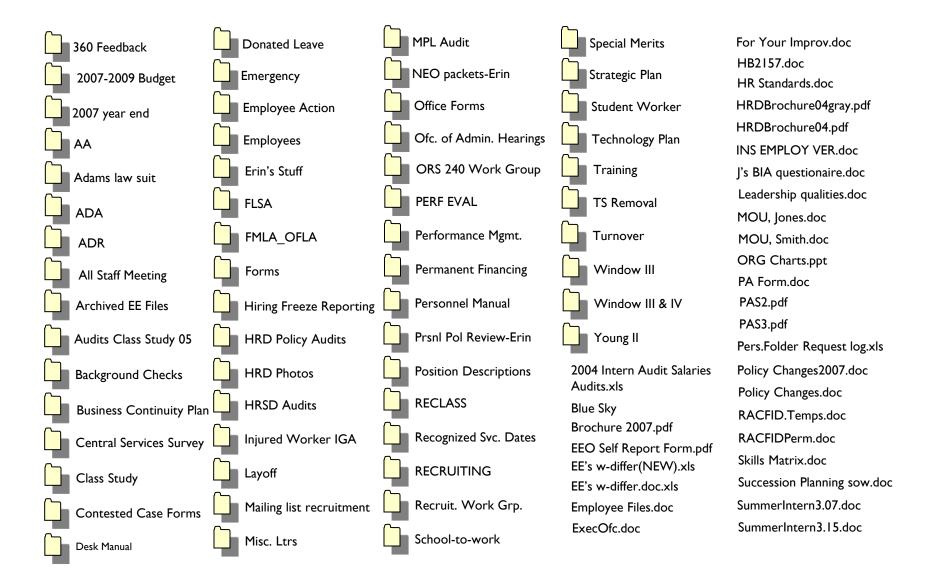
#### File Structure

#### **HR Administration Federal and State Records and Reports** Affirmative Action Records Americans with Disabilities Act Records ADA **Blue Sky Advisory Committee Records** Blue Sky Advisory Committee Records (P) Blue Sky & Best Practices Blue Sky Committee Meeting talking points for Jean.doc ORS 240 Work Group Performance Management **Criminal Background Check Records Background Check Forms** criminal background check logs **Employee Personnel Records** Emergency Notification Forms (P) Employees and Individual Employee Personnel Records -Young Current and Past (P&E) PERF EVAL Recognized Service Dates Special Merits TS Removal Discipline/Grievance Files (P) RACF ID.Temps RACF ID-perm-emp.doc Personnel folder request log.xls **Employee Action AUDITS.xls Employee Eligibility Verification Forms (19)**

INS EMPLOY VERIEDOC

#### **Equal Employment Opportunity Records** Archived EE Files **FMLA/OFLA** FMLA OFLA FMLA OFLA Files (P) **Internal Audit Reports HRSD Audits HRD Policy Audits** MPL Audit **HRD** Audits **Policy Audits Legal Actions** Jones law suit Smith, R. **Position Description and Reclassification Records** Audits Class Study 05 Classification Files (P) Class Study PAS 2.pdf PAS 3.pdf **POSITION DESCRIPtions** RECLASS Turnover Window III Window III & IV 2004 Internal Auditor Salaries.doc **Position Inventory Control System (PICS) Reports** DAS Reports (P)

## "Filing System"



### Paper vs. Electronic in the Office

#### • Who controls the records?

- Paper: central, often "gatekeepers"
- Electronic: distributed, every employee touches

#### • How much is there?

- Paper: a lot, but limited to space at hand
- Electronic: Infinite invisible piles known to nobody but IT

### Paper vs. Electronic in the Office

#### • How do we dispose of all copies?

- Paper: Pull official copy from file cabinet, destroy.
   Hope there aren't a bunch more in desks.
- Electronic: "Official Copy", copies in personal drives, email, thumb drives, burned discs, backup tapes.....

#### Do we even want to dispose of it?

- Paper: Yeah, that pile is getting pretty ungainly
- Electronic: Nah, storage is cheap, plus I don't actually have to look at it.

### Further Questions

- Can we find records when needed?
  - Too much stuff, poorly organized
  - Public records requests= time and \$\$\$
- How about security?
  - Can we control and secure our records?
- How do we maintain access over time?
  - Software, hardware, formats, etc.
  - Inventories and migration plans

### Electronic Records Management System



Records create
& received
electronically

Records are filed & managed for access, maintenance & destruction electronically

Records created & received in hard copy

#### **ERMS** Benefits

#### Government Efficiency

- Paper and electronic information managed together
- Dramatic improvements in response time for public records and e-discovery requests = public happier
- Server space reduction: less unnecessary redundancy
- IT resources available for other projects

#### **ERMS** Benefits

### Transparency & Accountability

- Information is easy to locate and find
- Rules are consistently applied to all information
- Security classifications control access
- Audit trails of all actions taken
- Information created is systematically and routinely managed and maintained.

### Selecting an ERMS: Prep

- Know your state laws, rules, requirements
- Talk to state RM authorities
- Understand your needs and goals
- Tally your internal resources:
  - Budget
  - Expertise
  - -IT
  - Time available

### Selecting an ERMS: Vendors

- Talk to colleagues, community
- Look closely: ERMS ≠ EDMS
- Match product to your scale
  - "best" product might overwhelm your office
- Be clear about ownership of data, interoperability & portability, "exit clauses"
- On-site or hosted solution?
- Training and support plan

### Implementing an ERMS

- DO: Communicate clear goals to all participants (admin, IT, users)
- DO: Focus on change management
- DO: Start with a pilot group that is eager to go
- DO: Pick a coherent batch of first records for best success
- DO NOT: Try to hit everything at once
- DO NOT: Tackle backlog first- "date forward" gets the ball rolling.

#### **ERMS** for Best Effect

- Chance to scrutinize, revamp old procedures
  - Don't just replicate old inefficiencies
- Fix issues at the beginning
  - Plan for future needs
- Start small, but aim big for best benefit
- Be ready to adjust
- Go ahead, brag a little

# Questions?